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after the timely filing of the petition requesting the hearing.

§ 1650.108 Method of collection.

A debt will be collected in a lump sum or by installment deductions at officially established pay intervals from an employee's current pay account, unless the employee and the Commission agree in writing to alternate arrangements for repayment.

§ 1650.109 Source of deductions.

Except as provided in §1600.735-513 and §1600.735-514 of this subpart, deductions will be made only from basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay or in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay.

§ 1650.110 Duration of deductions.

Debts will be collected in one lump sum when possible. If the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump sum or the amount of debt exceeds 15 percent of the employee's disposable pay for an officially established pay interval, collection by offset will be made in installments. Such installment deductions will be made over a period not greater than the anticipated period of active duty or employment of the employee, as the case may be, except as provided in §1600.735–513 and §1600.735–514 of this subpart.

§ 1650.111 Limitation on amount of deductions.

The size and frequency of installment deductions will bear a reasonable relationship to the size of the debt and the employee's ability to pay. The amount deducted for any period, however, will not exceed 15 percent of the disposable pay from which the deduction is made, unless the employee has agreed in writing to the deduction of a greater amount. Installment payments of less than \$25 will be accepted only in the most unusual circumstances.

§ 1650.112 When deductions may begin.

- (a) Deductions to liquidate an employee's debt should be scheduled to begin by the date and in the amount stated in the demand for payment.
- (b) If the employee files a timely request for reconsideration or consider-

ation of waiver, compromise or forgiveness, deductions will begin after a final decision is issued on the request.

(c) If the employee fails to submit a timely request for reconsideration or consideration of waiver, compromise, or forgiveness, or request for a hearing, deductions will commence in the next bi-weekly check vouchered for payment after the time limit to make such a request expires.

§ 1650.113 Liquidation of final check.

When the employee retires or resigns or if his or her employment or period of active duty ends before the debt is collected in full, the employee's debt will be automatically deducted from the final payments (e.g., final salary payment, lump-sum leave, etc.) due the employee to the extent necessary to liquidate the debt. If the employee's final pay is not sufficient to permit all deductions to be made, the order of precedence for the deductions will be: retirement and FICA; Medicare; Federal income taxes: health benefits: group life insurance; indebtedness due to the United States; State income taxes; and voluntary deductions and allotments.

§ 1650.114 Recovery from other payments due a separated employee.

When the debt cannot be liquidated by offset from any final payment due to the employee on the date of separation, the Director of FRMS will attempt to liquidate the debt by administrative offset as authorized under 31 U.S.C. 3716 from later payments of any kind due the former employee from the United States. (See 4 CFR 102.3)

§ 1650.115 Interest, penalties, and administrative costs.

When a delinquent debt is collected by salary offset, interest, penalties, and administrative costs on the debt will be assessed, unless waived by the Management Director, or his or her designee, in accordance with 4 CFR 102.13.

§ 1650.116 Non-waiver of rights by payments.

An employee's payment of all or any portion of a debt collected by salary offset will not be construed as a waiver of any right the employee may have under 5 U.S.C. 5514 or any other provision of contract or law, unless there are statutory or contractual provisions to the contrary.

§ 1650.117 Refunds.

Amounts paid, or deducted by salary offset, by an employee for a debt that is waived or otherwise not found owing to the United States will be promptly refunded to the employee. Refunds do not bear interest unless required or permitted by law or contract.

§ 1650.118 Salary offset requests by other agencies.

- (a) Statutory limitation. Salary offset requests against Commission employees by other agencies may only be accepted within 10 years after the involved debt accrues. Whenever any request barred by this limitation is received in the Commission, the request hall be returned by FRMS to the requesting agency, with a copy of 4 CFR part 102, and this action shall be a complete response to the request.
- (b) Where salary requests should be filed. Requests from other agencies for salary offset should be forwarded or addressed to:
- Director, Financial and Resource Management Services, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, 1801 L Street, NW., room 2001; Washington, DC 20507.
- (c) Form of request. (1) Requests shall be considered only when presented with a completed and certified appropriate debt claim.
- (2) The requesting agency must certify in writing that the employee owes the debt, the amount and basis of the debt, the date on which payment(s) is/are due, the date the Government's right to collect the debt first accrued, and that the requesting agency's regulations for salary offset have been approved by OPM.
- (3) If the collection must be made in installments, the requesting agency must also advise FRMS of the number of installments and the commencing date of the first installment, if a date other than the next officially established pay period is required.
- (4) Unless the employee has consented to the salary offset in writing or signed a statement acknowledging re-

ceipt of the required procedures, and the writing or statement is attached to the debt claim form, the requesting agency must also indicate to FRMS the action(s) taken by it under its offset regulations and give the date(s) the action(s) was/were taken.

- (d) Submitting the Request for Offset—
 (1) Current Commission employees. The requesting agency must submit a completed and certified debt claim, agreement, or other instruction on the payment schedule to FRMS.
- (2) Separating or separated Commission employees—(i) Separating employees. If the employee is in the process of separating, the requesting agency must submit its debt claim to FRMS for collection as provided in §1600.735-513 of this subpart. FRMS must certify the total amount of its collection and notify the requesting agency and the employee as provided in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this section. If FRMS is aware that the employee is entitled to payments from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, or other similar payments, it will send a copy of the debt claim and certification to the agency responsible for making such payments as notice that a debt is outstanding. The requesting agency, however, must submit a properly certified claim to the agency responsible for making such payments before collection can be made.
- (ii) Separated employees. If the employee is already separated and all payments due the employee from the Commission have been paid, FRMS will return the request and notify the requesting agency in writing of the employee's separation, that all payments due the employee from the Commission have been paid, and that any monies due and payable to the employee from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, or other similar funds, may be administratively offset to collect the debt.
- (iii) Transferred employees. If, after the requesting agency has submitted the debt claim to FRMS, the employee transfers to another agency before the debt is collected in full, FRMS shall certify the total amount of the collection made on the debt. FRMS shall furnish one copy of the certification to